SURGICAL GROUP (941) 896-4788	Patient Information: Post-Op Instructions for Anal Surgery by Dr. Jose Erbella
Procedures	Hemorrhoidectomy, PPH, Excision of Anal Mass, Drainage of Abscess, or Fistulotomy.
Wound Care	Please remove any anal packing and dressings during a sitz bath the morning following your surgery. The dressing may fall off or out prior to that time, which is fine (do not replace). Please perform sitz baths or tub baths once each day as well as after each bowel movement (10-15 minute soak in warm, soapy water). You may do this more frequently for cleanliness or if they help relieve discomfort. Do not sit on a "donut". For prolonged sitting, use a pillow or Styrofoam pad.
Pain Medication	You will be given a prescription for a narcotic pain medication (usually Lortab or Percocet). You may use this if necessary, however, narcotics are constipating and may make your bowel movements more painful. Options for non-constipating pain medications include products that include Ibuprofen or Tylenol.
Bowel Medications	Please take 1 tablespoon of Metamucil, Citrucel or other fiber supplement of your choice once each day. Dissolve this in a glass of water or juice. Drink an additional 8-10 glasses of water during the course of each day. You may use a stool softener (Colace) up to 3 times each day if you feel that it helps. If you go 48 hours without a bowel movement, take 1 tablespoon of Milk of Magnesia. If you do not have a bowel movement within 24 hours of taking Milk of Magnesia, you may take another tablespoon. If you do not have a bowel movement for a total of 4 days, please call our office.
Activity	Rest today. Do not do any heavy lifting (more than 10 pounds) or vigorous exercise for 5 days.
Urination	If you cannot urinate, sit in a warm bath then try again.
Diet	You can eat anything you desire.
Return to Work	You may return to work in 1 week.
Physician Appointment	Call (941) 896-4788 to make your post-operative appointment to see Dr. Erbella in 1-2 weeks or if you have any questions.
When to call your Surgeon	Persistent fever over 101.5 degrees F (39 C). Pain that is not relieved by your medications. Persistent nausea or vomiting. Persistent cough or shortness of breath. Purulent drainage (pus) or bleeding from any incision. Redness surrounding any of your incisions that is worsening or getting bigger. If you are unable to eat or drink liquids.
In Case of Emergency	Dr. Erbella is available 24hrs a day. You may call either our office (941) 896-4788, your nearest emergency room at Blake, Lakewood Ranch or Manatee Hospitals or Dial 911.